

## What Institutional Researchers Need To Know About Marketing Research

Presented by Liz Sanders Enrollment & Marketing Research DePaul University, Chicago IL

Presented to AIR, May 2008, Seattle WA What 'marketing research' means to you\_052308\_LS\_FNL.ppt

### What is marketing? Informal Convenience Sample Survey of 5 (You know who you are)

Advertisement Commercials Sales Spin Slick Manipulation Research (followed closely by free beer)

### Perceptions of Marketing Research?

Market /Marketing Research	Institutional Research
More spin than substance?	More facts than fiction?
Research to manipulate?	Research to inform?
Reports written to convince?	Reports written to lay out facts?
Contrary information deleted in pursuit of POV?	Data speak for themselves?

### Today's Agenda

- What is marketing research?
- What questions do higher education marketing researchers ask?

What techniques do they use?

• How does this complement what IR does?

### **The DePaul Context**

- 109 years of urban, Catholic, Vincentian tradition
- 9 colleges and 8 campuses in Chicagoland area
- Today, enrollment of 23,000 students;
- Largest Catholic university in U.S.
- 9th largest private not-for-profit university
- The largest provider of master's level graduate and professional education in Illinois

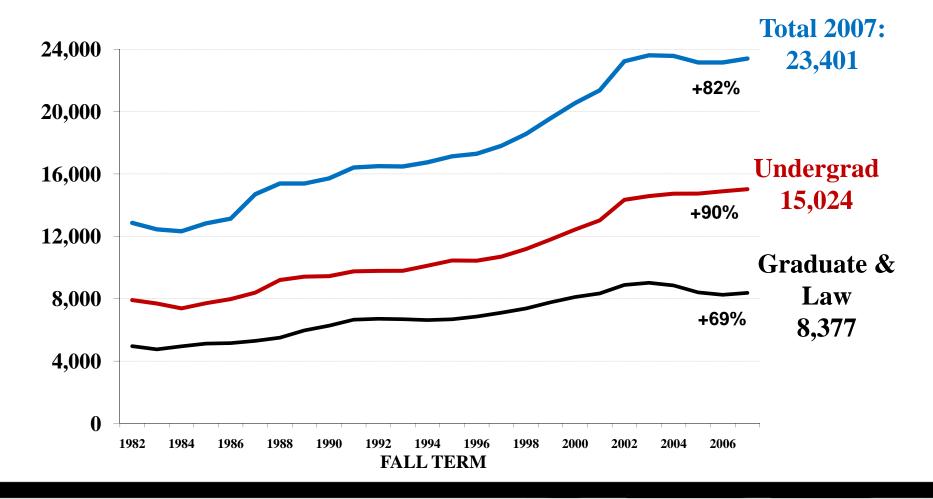
### America's 10 Largest Private Universities (2007)

New York University	41,783
Brigham Young University	34,174
University of Southern California	33,408
Boston University	32,053
Harvard University	25,778
George Washington University	25,078
Northeastern University	24,460
University of Pennsylvania	23,980
DePaul University	23,401
Columbia University	22,656

Note: This list includes traditional, doctoral universities.

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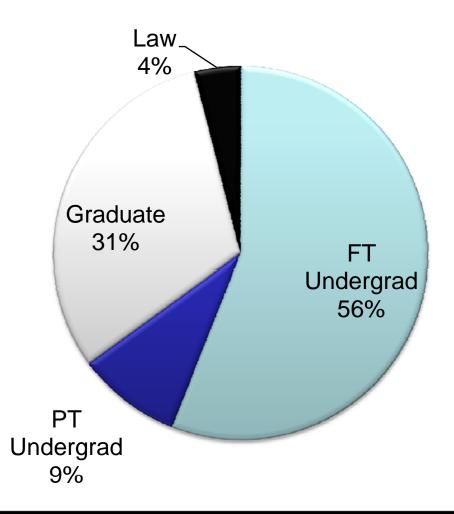
# Two Decades of Enrollment Growth 1982-2007



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### DePaul Enrollment Profile Fall 2007



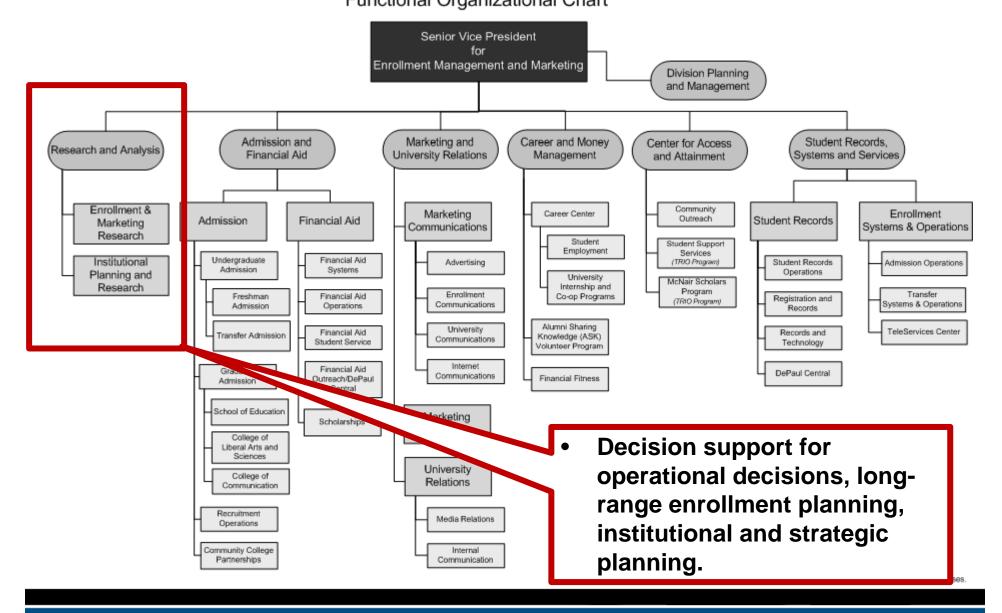
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## For DePaul University, strategic enrollment management requires the tight coupling of the *two faces of SEM* :

#### 1st Face of SEM: as an administrative effort decisions focus on optimal resource allocation to achieve enrollment goals

2nd Face of SEM: as a planning process, decisions focus on *long-range planning and institution-wide strategy development.* 

#### DePaul University Division of Enrollment Management and Marketing Functional Organizational Chart



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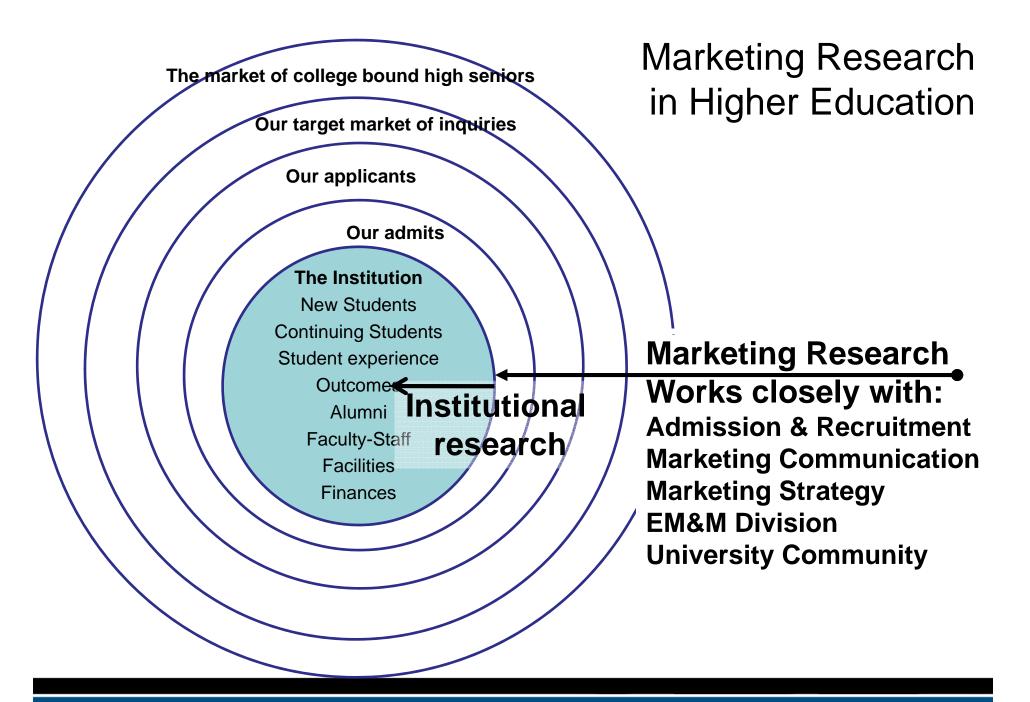
### By the book, marketing research is ...

- **Marketing research** is the planning for, collection, and analysis of data relevant to marketing decision making and the communication of this analysis to management
- Marketing Research (AMA): the function that links the consumer, customer and public to the marketer through information.

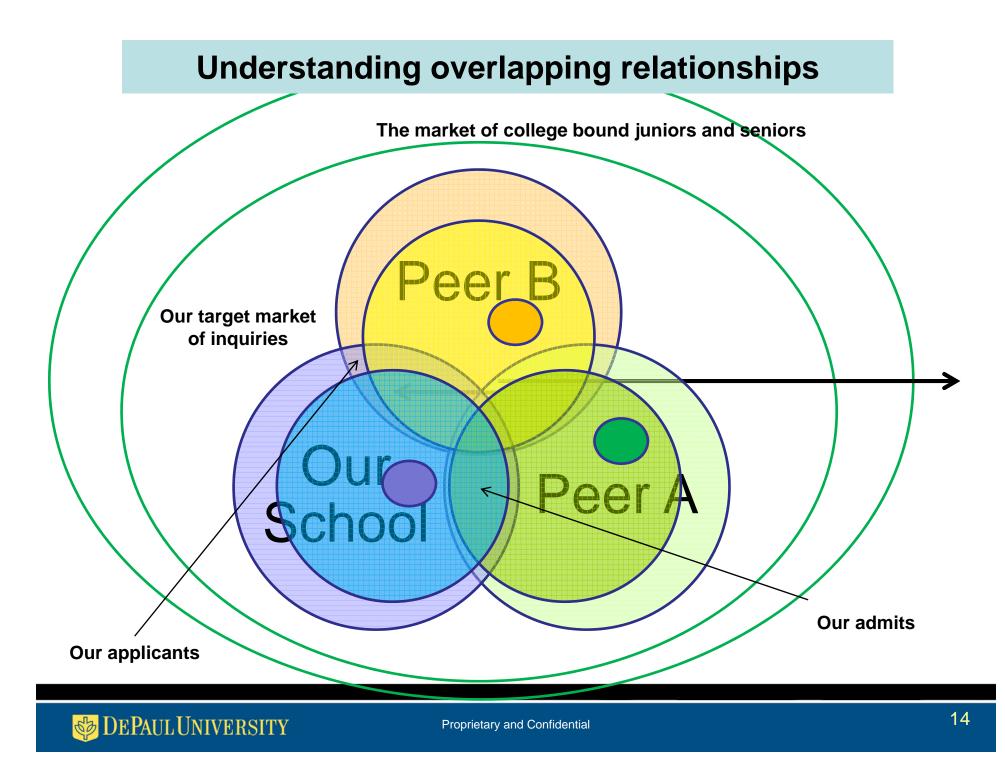
Information is used to identify and define marketing opportunities and problems; generate, refine and evaluate marketing actions; monitor marketing performance; and improve understanding of marketing as a process.

Marketing research specifies information to address these issues, designs methods, manages and implements data collection, analyzes results, and communicates findings and their implications.

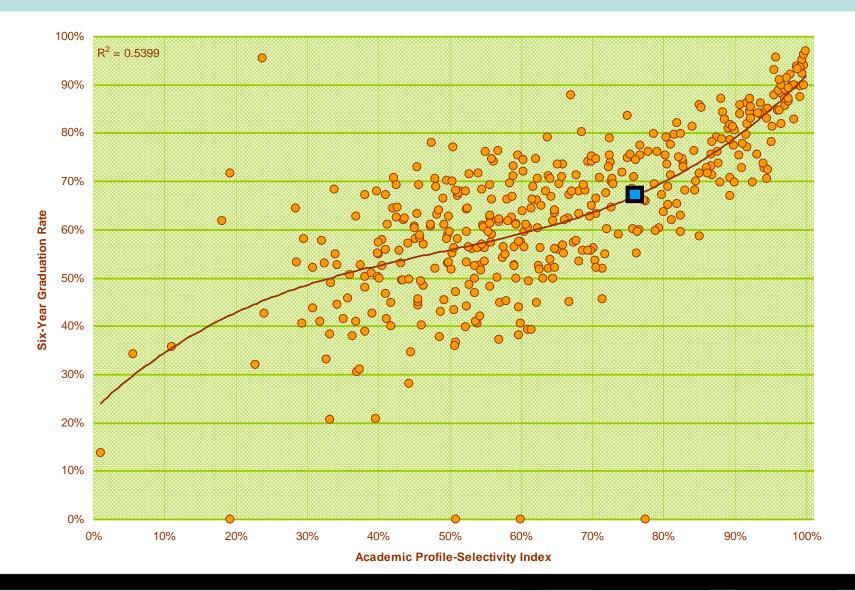
• **Marketing** – the process of planning and executing the conception, pricing, and distribution of ideas, goods, services, organizations and events to create and maintain relationships that will satisfy individual and organizational objectives (AMA).



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### Benchmarking Institutional Position Relative to Peer Sets



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### Are we communicating effectively with potential students? What is our relative position in the market?

- What are potential students looking for in a university?
- What are our potential students saying about us?
- What schools are our potential students looking at?
- How is our institution positioned against our competition? In the larger higher education market?
- Who are the students we successfully attract and enroll?
- Do our students cluster into different segments?
- How can we find more of those who enroll?

#### Market Metrix<sup>™</sup> arrays these questions in a conceptual framework: what is the question we want to answer and what information do we have to answer it? STUDENT LAYER

					STUDENTLAY	ER		
AAL S		MARKET	INQUIRIES	APPS	ADMITS	NEW STUDENTS	ALL STUDENTS	ALUMNI AND OUTCOMES
EXTERNAL FOCUS	INDUSTRY							
ш	TARGET MARKET					What are the freshman enrollment trends in IL?		
	COMPETITION	How are we differentiated from our peers in the market?		What schools to aid apps submit FAFSAs to?		Who do we compete with for students?	Where do students go when they leave?	
	PROFILE	How does the current high school senior find out about colleges?	What kind of student is interested in us?	What is the profile of Honor's applicants?	Who are the admitted students who enroll?			
INTERNA L FOCUS	PERCEPTIONS				What do they think of us, compared to the other schools?			
IN TE L FO	STRENGTHS				ege-bound ser rents) intereste			
ļ	PERFORMANCE MEASURES		wa	int out of a	need, what do college experiand otherwise	ience		
<del>6</del> 2	DEPAULUNIVI	ERSITY		Proprietary and				18

### What are potential students looking for?

ASQ Important attributes in choosing a graduate program

**Choice-based Conjoint Analysis** 



### **Traditional ASQ Research Provides Direction and Tracking Mechanisms**

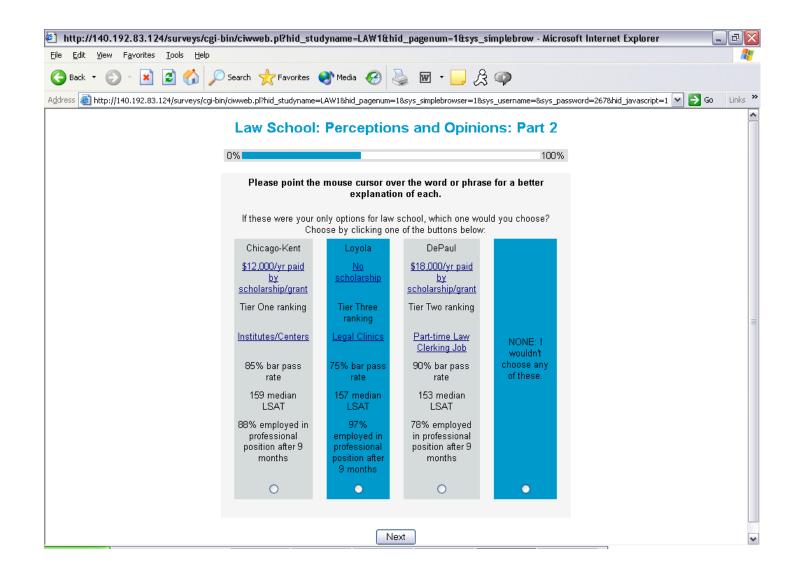
	2007 LOW (< 5.0)	2007 MID (>=5.0 <5.5)	2007 HIGH (>=5.5)
2001 HIGH		•Evening program (moved down)	<ul> <li>Faculty on the forefront of technology</li> <li>Cutting-edge programs in technology HIGH</li> <li>Good value</li> <li>Curriculum responsive to changing market</li> <li>Faculty working in their field of study</li> <li>Professional connections to business</li> <li>State-of-the-art computer labs</li> <li>FT faculty with past corporate experience</li> <li>Accessible location; Affordable</li> <li>Progressive; Customizable program</li> </ul>
2001 MID	•Weekend program (moved down) •Accelerated format (moved own)	<ul> <li>Fellow students with high professional status</li> <li>Student diversity</li> <li>Small classes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Highly ranked in nat'l pubs</li> <li>Research based curriculums</li> <li>Assistance with financial planning</li> <li>Faculty that is research oriented</li> <li>Prestigious</li> <li>Prestigious alumni</li> <li>Credit for life experience</li> <li>Safe areas around campus</li> <li>Library/one of largest collections</li> </ul>
2001 LOW	<ul> <li>Responds to community needs</li> <li>FT day program; Partial online</li> <li>Moderate entrance req</li> <li>Strong athletic program</li> <li>Multiple campuses; Accessible parking</li> <li>Very difficult entrance req</li> <li>Non-competitive entrance</li> <li>Entire program online; Religious affiliation</li> </ul>	•Campus security •Elite	

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## Using the ASQ: Consider #1 attribute when creating message points for marketing communications

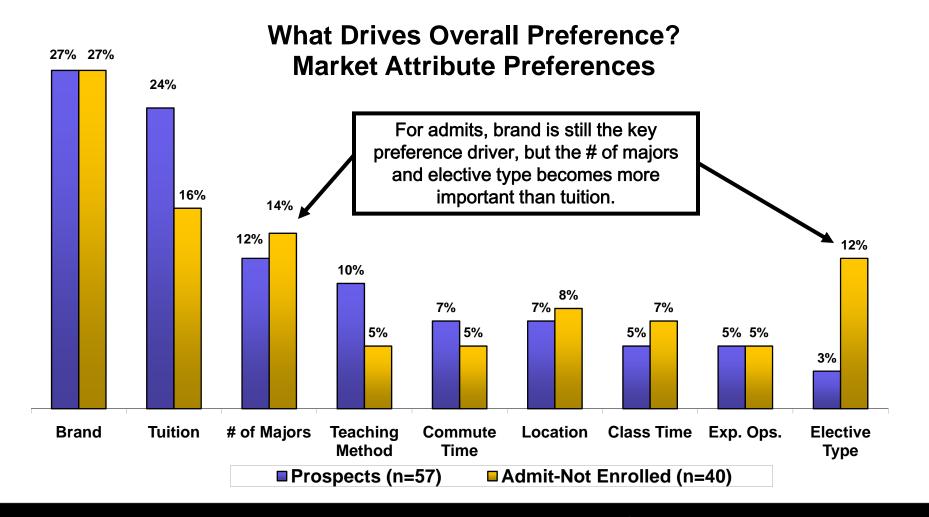
College	Most Important attribute to college	What this really means to students	Translates to
Business	University with professional connections to business	Networking opportunities for new or better job	Career advancement
Computer Science	Practical, hands-on learning	Marketability for new or better job	Career advancement
Education	Career placement	For aspiring teachers it means student teaching opportunities w/potential for job placement	Career change
		For current teachers it means increased pay scale	Career advancement
Liberal Arts	Full-time faculty with past experience in their field	Networking, knowing what's available regarding job opportunities	Career advancement

#### Alternative Approach: Market Attribute Analysis Using Conjoint



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## Conjoint analysis gives us relative importance of attributes in the college or program choice process.



### What do potential students think about us? How do we compare to competition?

**Brand Tracking Study** 

**Competitive Analysis for New Programs** 

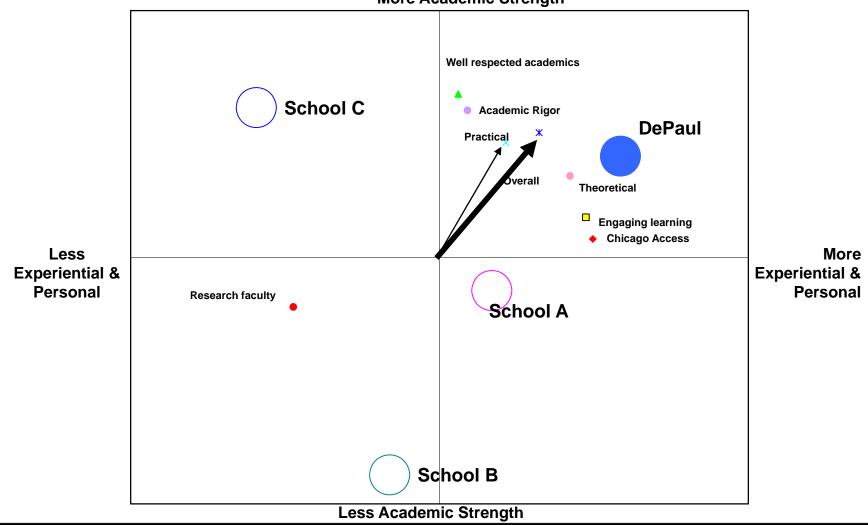


## Brand Tracking Studies allow us to see how inquiries compare us to peers on characteristics of our brand.

#### Freshman Inquiry Average Ratings: Differences between DePaul and Peer School

Attributes	DePaul > School*	DePaul < School*	DePaul = School
Chicago access	Х		
Engaged learning environment	Х		
Well-respected academics	Х		
Practical knowledge	Х		
Theoretical education			Х
Strong academic rigor			Х
Faculty focused on research		X	
Overall Rating	Х		

## Perceptual maps help us understand our *relative* position and attribute strengths in a visual display.



More Academic Strength



# Competitive analysis offers basic understanding of competition for new market.

### **Athletic Training Programs—Illinois**

School Name	Location	Type of Degree	CIP Code	Size of 2005 Enrollment % of UG enrollment	Total Undergradua te Enrollment (2005 IMAT)	Sports Division	CAATE Accredit ed	Tuition (includes R&B)
Aurora University	Aurora, IL	BS in Recreation	31.0101	NA	1907	NCAA Division III	Yes	\$14,635
Concordia University	River Forest, IL	BA in Athletic Training & Sportsmedici ne	51.0913	27/2.7%	1032	NCAA Division III	No	\$28,312
DePaul University	Chicago, IL				14,738	NCAA Division I		\$29,905
Eastern Illinois University	Charleston, IL	BS in Recreation Administratio n	31.0301	108/1.1%	10,375	NCAA Division I; NCAA Division IAA in Football	Yes	In \$17,388; Out \$27,758
Elmhurst College	Elmhurst, IL	BA and BS in Athletic Training	31.0504	69/2.6%	2691	NCAA Division III	No	\$29,922

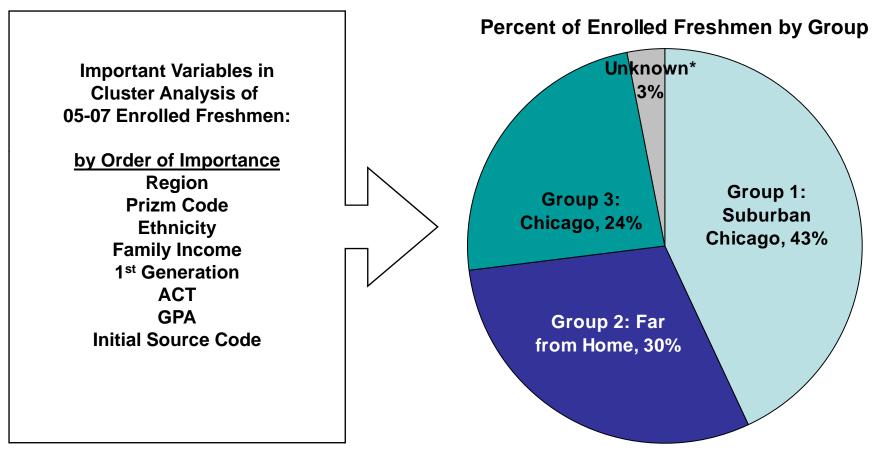
Source: Athletic Training Program Analysis

### Do our students cluster into meaningful groups?

Freshman Cluster Analysis



## Cluster analysis offers framework to shape segmented marketing strategy and communications.



\*Note: 3% of records did not cluster with any group, primarily due to unknown/blank input variables.

Summary of Groups	Group 1: Subu (47%)	ırban	Group 2: Far from Home (32%)	G	Group 3: Chicago (21%)	
Region	Suburban Chi (Large Growth in S & S	Kno	owledge about DePaul is	5	Chicago crease across all areas)	
Enrollment Trends	Largest segment, ste	largely word-of-mouth prior to t recruitment process. Need to reach them early in the			allest segment, declining enrollment	
Application Trends	Apply early, high % a				ter and are the least likely to apply online.	
Decision to Attend DePaul	Make the decision to a or at the point of ac Confident once the made.	recruitment cycle because the make the decision on where the attend early.			he decision to attend before tance or after receiving FA Confident once the decision is made.	
Financial Aid	Of those who filed for I likely to choose DPU as		Least likely to file for FA, and confident about paying for freshman year and beyond.	least	Most likely to file for FA, confident in ability to finance shman year and beyond.	
Communication Timing	word-of-ream prior recruitment process. reach them early in the r cycle because they n	s. Need to acceptance need to sell DePaul vs all the other schools they are applying to.		recr dead outlini	ed more communication early in ecruitment process regarding eadlines, a step-by p guide ining what stud reeds to do, re per contact from	
	decision on where to at		l more communication e recruitment process wh		tion fors before the Faster response cial aid letters.	
Communication Message	Focus on comfort/safe close to home (near frie while also having the pr career advantages of Chicago.	frie e pr s of s of			ation should be practical sed on facts about financial ourses/programs - with an on how a DPU degree will ong-term career success.	

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### How can we get more of the students we have?

Geodemographic analysis using Claritas PRIZM data



# Geodemographic analysis helps fine-tune the freshman SEARCH direct mail process.

- Are we buying the junior ACT and PSAT names that are most likely to respond and enroll, given our historical patterns of conversion?
- In managing our budget, are we mailing pieces to the group of students who are most likely to convert?



	66 Segments, and each U.S. zip code is assigned a PRIZM cluster Clusters are in 14 Social Groups, 4 Urbanization Classes									
	Urban	Suburban	Second City	Town & Country						
High	04 Young Digerati 07 Money & Brains 16 Bohemian Mix 26 The Cosmopolitans 29 American Dreams	01 Upper Crust 02 Blue Blood Estates 03 Movers & Shakers 06 Winner's Circle 08 Executive Suites	10 Second City Elite 12 Brite Lites, Li'l City 13 Upward Bound	05 Country Squires 09 Big Fish, Small Pond 11 God's Country 20 Fast-Track Families 25 Country Casuals 23 Greenbelt Sports 28 Traditional Times 32 New Homesteaders 33 Big Sky Families 37 Mayberry-ville						
\$		14 New Empty Nests 15 Pools & Patios 17 Beltway Boomers 18 Kids & Cul-de-Sacs 19 Home Sweet Home	24 Up-and-Comers							
	31 Urban Achievers 40 Close-In Couples 54 Multi-Culti Mosaic	21 Gray Power 22 Young Influentials 30 Suburban Sprawl 36 Blue-Chip Blues 39 Domestic Duos	27 Middleburg Managers 34 White Picket Fences 35 Boomtown Singles 41 Sunset City Blues	38 Simple Pleasures 42 Red, White & Blues 43 Heartlanders 45 Blue Highways 50 Kid Country, USA 51 Shotguns & Pickups						
Low	59 Urban Elders 61 City Roots 65 Big City Blues 66 Low-Rise Living	44 New Beginnings 46 Old Glories 49 American Classics 52 Suburban Pioneers	47 City Startups 53 Mobility Blues 60 Park Bench Seniors 62 Hometown Retired 63 Family Thrifts	48 Young & Rustic 55 Golden Ponds 56 Crossroads Villagers 57 Old Milltowns 58 Back Country Folks 64 Bedrock America						

#### Source: Claritas PRIZM NE 2005



## The personification of the cluster includes demographic, geographic and behavioral information.

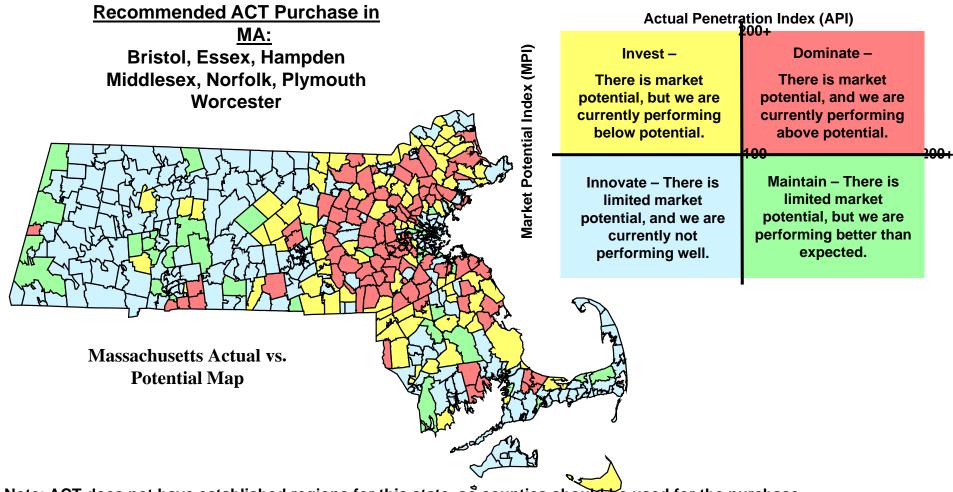


Young Digerati are the nation's tech-savvy singles and couples living in fashionable neighborhoods on the urban fringe. Affluent, highly educated and ethnically mixed, Young Digerati communities are typically filled with trendy apartments and condos, fitness clubs, clothing boutiques, casual restaurants and all types of bars—from juice to coffee to microbrew.

Source: Claritas PRIZM NE 2005



# The state-level analysis identifies counties to focus on for direct mail campaign purchase.



Note: ACT does not have established regions for this state, so counties should be used for the purchase.

Source: Claritas PRIZM NE 2005, Fall 2004-2007 Freshmen Applications.

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What is marketing research?

What is the content?

What are the techniques?

How does all this apply to what I do?



## What is Marketing Research? 1<sup>st</sup> Face of SEM – Operational Support



## What management level information can we provide to Support decision-making and operations for:

Recruitment & admission staff Marketing Communications Marketing Strategy and Graduate Recruitment Directors Financial Aid

#### Questions focus on information to help us effectively communicate:

Who are the potential students? What do they need? Who is the competition? What is our relative position? Who are our student segments?

## What is Marketing Research? 2<sup>nd</sup> Face of SEM – Planning Function



#### What information can we provide for university enrollment and strategic planning:

Academic Program Market Position New Program Market Research Student Profile and Market Segmentation Studies Awareness and Perceptions of University Brand University Market Position

#### Questions focus on information to help us understand market position:

What is our student profile? Who are our student segments? Who is the competition? What is our relative position?

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### How does this apply to what I do? Broader Context, Expanded Student Flow, New Techniques



What management level information can we provide for IR to Support decision-making for:

Program's Position in the Market - Program Review New Program Market Research - Academic Planning Pre-College Indicators and Recruitment Factors - Retention Research New Student Profile, Wants and Needs - Student Life Program Development Alumni Segmentation - Alumni Research Market Position - Institutional Benchmarking Enrollment Projection Models from Applicant to Alumni

## **Thank You!**

For comments or questions, contact

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For additional information on using PRIZM, see Karolynn Horan's table topic Tuesday

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